



SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS, TEXAS DIVISION

THE JOHN H. REAGAN CAMP NEWS

www.reaganscvcamp.org

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JUNE 2018

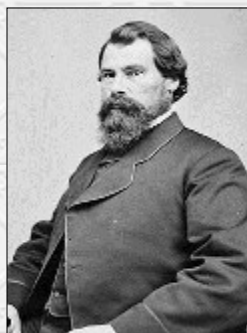
COMMANDER'S DISPATCH

I was out of town for the May meeting, I would like to thank David Franklin, 1st Lt Commander for last month's dispatch.

We start meeting in the Commercial Bank of Texas building. This is a Texas bank which is very friendly and has a supportive attitude towards the community. The bank building is a wonderful meeting place and at no cost. This will remove a large burden on our treasury. Adjutant/ Treasurer Dan Dyer along with Bonnie Woolverton deserve many thanks for the arrangement for these facilities. The Camp voted to continue meeting at this location at the June meeting. Dan Dyer worked out the details with the bank to establish the meeting date for every month, and he was able to secure the 3rd

Thursday of each month for our monthly meetings.

Thanks go out to all who brought food. The meal was up to the usual standards, it was tasty and as normal we had more food than we could eat. I had the honor of giving the program this month. The subject was manufacturing in Texas during the Civil War. I centered the program on the Dance Brothers of East Columbia, Texas. They were manufacturers of pistols for the Confederacy. I presented their life stories. I also brought a reproduction of the pistol they built. They were true patriots for the Southern Cause. The program was well received and I thank the



John H. Reagan

About 1863

Oct 8, 1818 – March 6, 1905

Post Master General of the Confederate States of America

Secretary of the Treasury CSA

U. S. Senator from Texas

U. S. Rep. from Texas

District Judge

Texas State Representative

First Chairman - Railroad

Commission of Texas

A Founder and President of the Texas State Historical Association

Compatriots for their attention and support.

Richard Thornton
Commander

CAMP MEETINGS

3rd Thursday of Each Month
06:30 PM

Snacks and drinks served
at each meeting.

Commercial Bank of Texas on the
corner of N. Mallard & E. Lacy Street

The Bank is located just south of the
Anderson County Courthouse Annex.

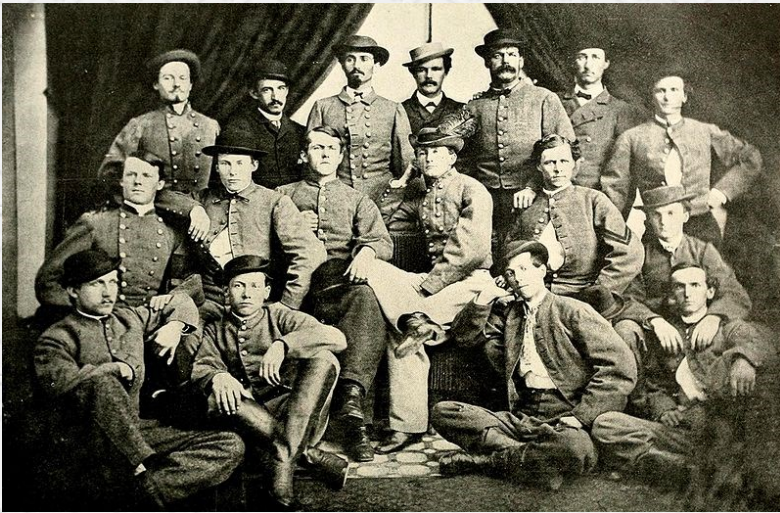
Guests are welcome!
Bring the family.

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Mosby's Rangers-Top row (left to right): Lee Herverson, Ben Palmer, John Puryear, Tom Booker, Norman Randolph, Frank Raham. # Second row: Robert Blanks Parrott, John Troop, John W. Munson, John S. Mosby, Newell, Neely, Quarles. # Third row: Walter Gosden, Harry T. Sinnott, Butler, Gentry.

<https://civilwartalk.com/threads/mosbys-rangers.80963/>

Prayer List

- Forrest Bradberry—Camp Historian
- Compatriot J.B. Mason
- Toni Ray (wife of past comdr Rudy Ray)
- Past 1st Lt. Gary Williams
- Past Davis/Reagan UDC Pres. Dollye Jeffus
- Rod Skelton (former Camp Chaplain)
- United Daughters of the Confederacy
- The Sovereign State of Texas
- The United States of America
- The Sons of Confederate Veterans

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

The Reagan Camp will have monthly meetings on the 3rd Thursday of each month in the Commercial Bank of Texas meeting room.

July 19 - July Meeting

Aug 16 - August Meeting

Sept 20 - September Meeting

October 18—October Meeting



This flag flies in honor and memory of over 1,000 Confederate veterans from Anderson County who marched off to war, one third of whom never returned, and the over 500 Confederate veterans from all across the South who are buried in this county. They fought for liberty and independence from a tyrannical and oppressive government. Provided by the John H. Reagan Camp # 2156, Sons of Confederate Veterans. www.reaganstvcamp.org

Above: Reagan Camp's battle flag and sign displayed proudly at intersection of FM 315 and Anderson Cty Rd 448, ten miles north of Palestine.

“NOTHING FILLS ME WITH DEEPER SADNESS THAN TO SEE A SOUTHERN MAN APOLOGIZING FOR THE DEFENSE WE MADE OF OUR INHERITANCE. OUR CAUSE WAS SO JUST, SO SACRED, THAT HAD I KNOWN ALL THAT HAS COME TO PASS, HAD I KNOWN WHAT WAS TO BE INFLECTED UPON ME, ALL THAT MY COUNTRY WAS TO SUFFER, ALL THAT OUR POSTERITY WAS TO ENDURE, I WOULD DO IT ALL OVER AGAIN.”

-PRESIDENT JEFFERSON DAVIS-

“DUTY IS THE MOST SUBLIME WORD IN OUR LANGUAGE. DO YOUR DUTY IN ALL THINGS. YOU CANNOT DO MORE. YOU SHOULD NEVER WISH TO DO LESS.”

-GENERAL
ROBERT E. LEE-



JOHN H. REAGAN CAMP #2156 JUNE MEETING



The June meeting of the John H. Reagan Camp was held on Tuesday, June 19, 2018 at the Commercial Bank of Texas in Palestine. It is located at the corner of N. Mallard and E. Lacy street. The bank was nice enough to allow us to hold our meeting in their meeting room. It was a very nice place to meet, and everyone decided that they would like to inquire as to whether we can reserve a certain night every month to have future meetings there. The bank has allowed us to reserve the 3rd Thursday of each month to meet here. The meetings will continue to be held at 6:30pm.



There were 15 in attendance at the June meeting. We had a delicious meal that was as good as they come. Commander Richard Thornton brought a pork roast with gravy that would melt in your mouth, and potatoes and gravy. Dwight Franklin brought red beans and ham, pan fried new potatoes and onions, garden raised tomatoes and cucumbers. David Franklin brought home made cornbread and cantaloupe. Doug Smith brought Blue Bell Ice Cream. Someone (and I am sorry that I don't know who) brought one of the best strawberry cakes that has ever been made! It was made with fresh strawberries! It was absolutely delicious!

If you haven't been making it to the meetings, we invite you to start attending with us. We will have a good meal together, and then we will have a historical presentation that you will enjoy. We have several speakers lined up that are speaking on topics that are very interesting.

You can reach Adjutant Dyer at (903) 391-2224 or email him at
danieldyer497@yahoo.com.

Commander Thornton can be reached at (903) 729-3864 or email him at
tx_tsar@hotmail.com



JUNE HISTORICAL PROGRAM
“THE DANCE FAMILY”
BY COMMANDER RICHARD THORNTON



Commander Thornton gave an interesting program on the Dance family at the June meeting. Richard has allowed us to use his notes so his program could be put in the newsletter for those who were unable to attend the meeting. We really appreciate Richard for all that he does and for the wonderful program. The article below was taken from his notes.

The Dance family migrated from Virginia to North Carolina, then to Alabama and finally to Texas.

John Henry Dance travelled to Brazoria County, Texas in 1848. He must have liked what he saw, because he, his brothers, cousins, and slaves moved to Texas in 1853. The Dances jointly purchased 450 acres of land in the Cedar Brake section, where they established a plantation.

John Henry Dance was born July 14, 1797 in Hash, North Carolina which is north east of Fayetteville. He died on October 17, 1866 in Brazoria County, Texas.

This is the story of the sons of John Henry Dance who were known as the Dance Brothers.

The Dance brothers consisted of James Henry, George Perry, David Ethelred and Isaac Claudius.

James Henry Dance was born on 23 Jan 1823.

George Perry Dance was born on 27 Mar 1827.

David Ethelred Dance was born on 24 May 1833.

Isaac Claudius Dance was born on 26 Jan 1835 and died of measles on 22 Mar 1863.

John Henry's older sons were born in Nash, North Carolina. The younger son, in Greene County, Alabama.

During the year 1858, the Dance Brothers built a spacious home in the thriving river port town of East Columbia, on the Brazos River. Across the street from their residence they opened a manufactory for metal woodwork, named J. H. Dance and Company and operated by James Henry Dance and his brothers David Ethelred and George Perry. J.H. Dance and Company prospered before the Civil War manufacturing gristmills and cotton gins. Their first manufacture was a model of gristmill that could be operated by steam, horse or water power, according to what was available.

At the outbreak of the war, James Henry Dance enlisted in the Brazoria Volunteers; he later became first lieutenant in the 35th Texas Cavalry. His brothers George, David, and Isaac enlisted, but because of their abilities and skills they wer detailed to their steam factory at Columbia by early May 1862.

Dances' primary tasks for the government was mounting cannons and repairing wagons for the Confederate Army.

- Continued on next page -



JUNE HISTORICAL PROGRAM "THE DANCE FAMILY" BY COMMANDER RICHARD THORNTON



The Dance firm started manufacturing firearms in late 1862. The men who worked for this company were granted exemption from military service by the state because the need for firearms was so great. By October 1862 the brothers were selling handguns to the Confederacy. An invoice from the month shows the San Antonio Arsenal received 11 six-shot pistols. In 1863, production increased and more men were assigned to work in the pistol factory.

Revolver production had come to an end in East Columbia by December 10, 1863. The previous month the Dance's had decided to sell their business to the Confederate government. The workshop was moved farther inland due to fear that the Union gunboats could shell it. The Dances relocated to a site three miles north of Anderson in Grimes County. Their shop was the second Confederate manufacturing industry located in Anderson. There was a government black powder mill there before the Dances.

A .44 caliber and a .36 caliber revolver were manufactured by Dance and was distinguishable by the lack of recoil shield protrusions on the frame. They modeled their revolvers after the Colt Dragoon.

Although there were only a total of 300 to 400 revolvers manufactured by the Dance brothers, this was a very large production for a hand manufacturing operation. The Dance Brothers are considered the 4th in importance as a manufacturer of arms for the Confederacy.

The last known shipments of Dance revolvers, 25 pistols, were sent to Houston in April 1865. The Civil War ended shortly thereafter and the Dances returned to Columbia to again manufacture gristmills and cotton gins and were successful businessmen.

James died in 1896, George 1906 and David died in 1918.

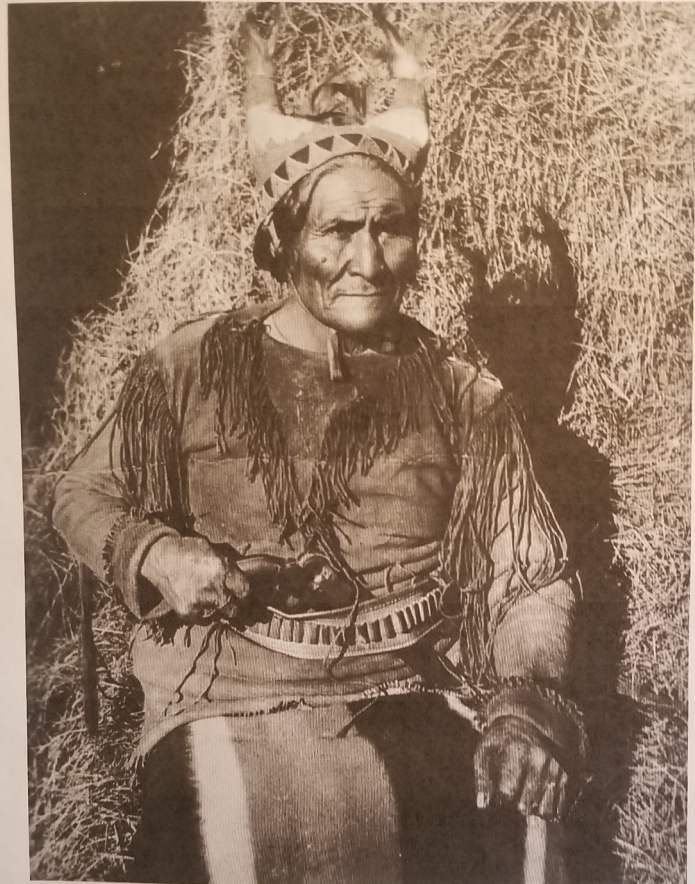
A few miles north of Anderson on FM 244, off Highway 90, is Texas Historical Marker #8603. It states: "Site of a munitions factory of the Southern Confederacy, established 1861, in operation until 1865."

The only engraving on Dance Revolvers was the serial number. Only one gun in the .44 caliber is known with the name of "G. Erichson, Houston, Texas" stamped on the top of the barrel. Erichson was a dealer established at Houston, and he had probably bought a Dance revolver and put his own name on it prior to selling it.

We really appreciate Richard for all his preparation for the meeting. It was a very good program that most of those in attendance had never heard about.



.44 caliber Dance Brothers Revolver



Apache Chief Geronimo, armed with a Dance .44 calibre revolver. (The picture must have been taken later, for Geronimo is wearing a belt with cartridge catches, which did not exist yet in the Civil War era).



JOHN H. REAGAN CAMP #2156 JUNE IN THE LIFE OF JOHN H. REAGAN



June 6, 1857- John H. Reagan made 1st speech in bid for US Rep. at Palestine.

June 10, 1891- John H. Reagan's official appointment by Gov. Hogg as 1st Railroad Commissioner of Texas.

June 19, 1896- John H. Reagan 5th recipient of honorary doctorate at Tulane Univ., New Orleans, La.

June 23, 1865- John H. Reagan's letter to Gov. A.J. Hamilton asking for pardon and release from Federal Prison, Boston Harbor.

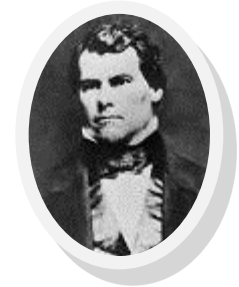
Other important dates in June

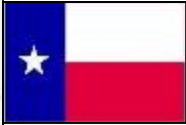
June 23, 1861- Co. G (Reagan Guards) 1st Texas Vol. Regt., Hood's Brigade, org. in Palestine by J.R. Woodward.

June 24, 1861- Co. H, 1st Texas Vol. Inf. Regt., Hood's Brigade, org. in Palestine by J.G. Deveroux; A.T. Rainey was Capt.

June 21, 1900- Hood's Brigade veterans began 3 day convention in Palestine.

June 28, 1900- Reception held at John H. Reagan's home for Hood's Brigade veterans.

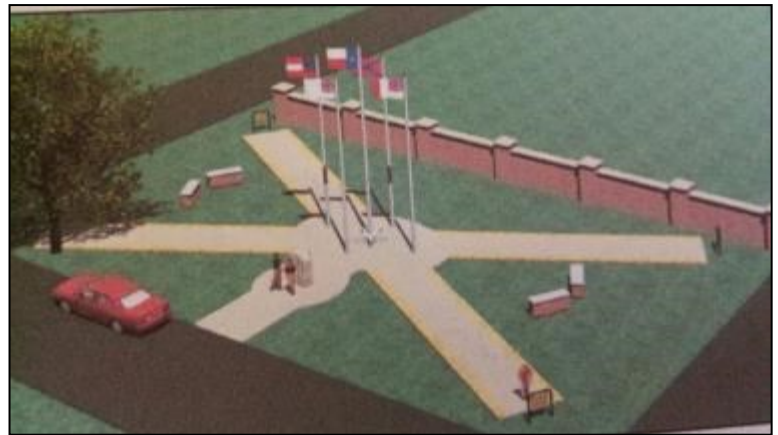




A GREAT WAY TO ENSURE THAT YOUR ANCESTOR'S SERVICE AND HONOR IS NOT FORGOTTEN



Many Americans have forgotten that freedom isn't free at all. There have been hundreds of thousands of Americans who have willingly given their life for their country so that we could continue to have the rights of free men. But there is a group of people in our country who have decided that they have the right to take away the rights of others, especially if those others do not agree with their agenda. These people have no respect for the true history of anything that goes against what they want. Although they cannot change true history, they are changing the history books and in so doing are changing what people are taught about the history of our country. These people don't care if they are dishonoring our Confederate ancestors. They care nothing about our ancestor's service. Do you care about preserving your ancestor's service? If so, you can do so by having his service noted in the Confederate Veteran's Memorial Plaza with a paver that will include his name and service information on it for only \$50. It will last for years and years to come and will let countless people see his name and information. It is a wonderful way to give him the recognition that he deserves.



SAMUEL R. CORN CO. B 33RD ALA. INF CSA	PVT. DAVID A. BRAY CO. H 34TH GA. INF. CSA	O. M. ROBERTS CAMP 178 - SCV WAXAHACHIE, TEXAS	UPSHUR COUNTY PATRIOTS CAMP 2109 GILMER, TEXAS	PRIMUS KELLY BODY SERVANT GRIMES COUNTY
GEN. HORACE RANDEL CAMP # 1533 CARTHAGE, TEXAS	ERASTUS W. DAVIS 31ST MISS INFANTRY 1825-1862	WILLIAM A. LOYD 30TH TEXAS CAVALRY COMPANY F PRIVATE	1ST LT. LEWIS P. BROOKS CO. B 7TH GA REGT	ROGER Q. MILLS CHAPTER 2466 UDC
PVT. JOHN LAND 54TH GA. INF CO. H RUSSELL GUARDS	1ST LT. LEWIS P. BROOKS CO. B 7TH GA REGT	PVT THOMAS M. LORD CO. L MARTIN-HOWELL GA LT ART. CSA	CPL J RILEY PATTY 59TH TN MTD INF. CO. A	MARY WEST #26 UDC WACO, TEXAS
PVT T. JEFF PARKS 22ND TX INFANTRY CO. K	TERRY LEE HULSEY FOR 24 GA CO. I PVT JOHN MCAFEE HULSEY	JAMES HALL BENDY PVT CO. A 25 TEXAS CAV. CSA	JOHN A. BUCHANAN SERGEANT CO. H 27TH MISS INFANTRY	JOEL S. WALTERS PRIVATE CO. C 12TH MISS INFANTRY
PVT W.C. HERRING 12TH TX INFANTRY CO. K	JOHN PINKNEY MANN PVT. CO. K 13 TEXAS CAV. CSA	WILLIAM H. L. WELLS VA LIGHT ARTILLERY WELLS CLAN PLANO	WILLIAM L. WALTERS PRIVATE CO. K 37TH MISS INF REGT	JESSIE C. ROBERTS 1ST LIEUTENANT 20TH TEXAS CAVALRY

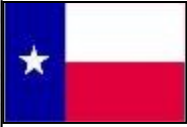


ROBERT E. LEE CALENDAR



JUNE

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1 June 1864 - to Jeff Davis My daily prayer to the great Ruler of the world is that He may shield you from harm, guard you from evil & give you peace the world cannot take away.	2 undated - You cannot be a true man until you learn to obey
3 June, 1863 - to wife I trust that a kind Providence will watch over us, & notwithstanding our weakness & sins will yet give us a name & place among the nations of the earth.	4 June, 1864 - to wife We are all in the hands of our Merciful God, whom I know will order all things for our good & upon Him is my whole faith & reliance.	5 June, 1839 - to his wife Mildness & forbearance, tempered by firmness & judgment, will strengthen their [children] affection for you, while it will maintain your control over them.	6 undated - to Markie I shall therefore have the great pleasure of being at Arlington Saturday where my affections & attachments are more strongly placed than at any other place in the World.	7 undated - No tears at Arlington! No tears!	8 June, 1863 - to wife What a beautiful world god has given us! What a shame that men endowed with reason & knowledge of right should mar His gifts.	9 June, 1861 - to wife I should like to retire to private life, if I could be with you & the children, but if I can be of any service to the state or her cause I must continue.
10 June, 1862 - to wife I cannot help grieving [grandson's death] but when I reflect upon his great gain by his merciful transition from earth to Heaven, I think we ought to rejoice.	11 June, 1863 - to Charlotte Wicham Some good is always mixed with the evil in this world	12 undated - to wife My trust is in our Heavenly Father to whom my supplications continually ascend for you, my children, & my country!	13 June, 1863 - I grieve over the desolation of the country& the distress to innocent women & children occasioned by spiteful excursions of the enemy, unworthy of a civilized nation.	14 June, 1864 - to Jeff Davis We have only to do our whole duty, & everything will be well.	15 June, 1869 - to Robert You will have to get married if you wish to prosper.	16 undated - I have great reluctance to speak on political subjects. I have, however, said I think all who can should register & vote.
17 June, 1865 - to Col. Taylor Tell [our returned soldiers] they must all set to work & if they cannot do what they prefer, do what they can.	18 undated - to College Faculty We must be very careful how we are influenced by hearsay.	19 undated - to wife In this time of great suffering to the state & country, our private distresses we must bear with resignation like Christians.	20 undated - to Robert With the improvement of your farm, proceeds will increase & with experience, judgment, & economy, will augment greatly.	21 undated - to Trustees I need not enlarge upon the importance of a good library to the advancement of the college. A useful literary institution cannot be maintained without it.	22 June, 1851 - to Custis I am opposed to the theory of doing wrong that good may come of it. I hold to the belief that you must act right whatever the consequences.	23 undated - I am fond of independence. It is that feeling that prompts me to come up strictly to the requirements of law & regulations.
24 June, 1861 - No one can say what is in the future, nor is it wise to anticipate evil. But it is well to prepare for what may reasonably happen & be provided for the worst.	25 undated - to Custis In regard to duty do your duty in all things—you cannot do more—you should never wish to do less.	26 undated - to Agnes You know how pleased I am at the presence of strangers, what a cheerful mood their company produces.	27 June, 1863 - to his men It must be remembered that we make war only upon armed men & that we cannot take vengeance for the wrongs our people have suffered.	28 undated - As a general principle you should not force young men to their duty, but let them do it voluntarily & thereby develop their characters.	29 June, 1854 - to Markie Nor is it possible for us always to do 'the good that we would,' & omit 'the evil we would not.'	30 June, 1864 - to wife Do you recollect what a happy day 31 years ago this was? How many hopes & pleasures it gave birth to! God has been merciful & kind to us.



JOHN H. REAGAN CAMP TEXAS CIVIL WAR HISTORY IN JUNE



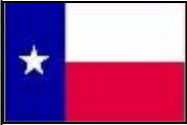
From the Texas State Historical Association— <https://texasdaybyday.com/#feedCarousel>

June 1, 1864 On this day, celebrated Confederate partisan Adam Rankin (Stovepipe) Johnson was promoted to the rank of brigadier general. Johnson was born in Henderson, Kentucky, and moved to Texas in 1854. There he gained a reputation as the surveyor of much virgin territory in West Texas, as an Indian fighter, and as a stage driver for the Butterfield Overland Mail. With the outbreak of the Civil War Johnson returned to Kentucky and enlisted as a scout under Nathan Bedford Forrest. His subsequent exploits as commander of the Texas Partisan Rangers within the federal lines in Kentucky earned him a colonel's commission in August 1862 and a promotion to brigadier general in 1864. One of his most remarkable feats was the capture of Newburgh, Indiana, from a sizable Union garrison with only twelve men and two joints of stovepipe mounted on the running gear of an abandoned wagon. This episode won him his nickname. Johnson was blinded and captured at a skirmish at Grubb's Crossroads in August 1864. Upon his release he returned to Texas, where he lived for his remaining sixty years and founded the town of Marble Falls, "the blind man's town."

June 11, 1865 On this day, an estimated fifty desperados broke into the state treasury in Austin, one of the boldest crimes in Texas history. The robbery occurred during the chaotic period immediately after the downfall of the Confederacy in the spring of 1865. Gen. Nathan G. Shelley informed George R. Freeman, a Confederate veteran and leader of a small company of volunteer militia, that the robbery was imminent. By the time Freeman and about twenty of his troops arrived at the treasury, the robbers were in the building. A brief gunfight erupted in which one of the robbers was mortally wounded; all the other robbers fled toward Mount Bonnell, west of Austin, carrying with them about \$17,000 in specie, more than half of the gold and silver in the state treasury. None was ever captured. The loot was never recovered, although some of the money was found strewn between the treasury building and Mount Bonnell. Freeman and his company of volunteers were later recognized by the state for their service in defending the public treasury, but the resolution providing a reward for their services never passed the legislature.

June 19, 1865 On this day ("Juneteenth"), Union General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston and issued General Order Number 3, which read in part, "The people of Texas are informed that, in accordance with a proclamation from the Executive of the United States, all slaves are free. This involves an absolute equality of personal rights and rights of property between former masters and slaves, and the connection heretofore existing between them becomes that between employer and hired labor." The tidings of freedom reached the approximately 250,000 slaves in Texas gradually as individual plantation owners informed their bondsmen over the months following the end of the war. The news elicited an array of personal celebrations, some of which have been described in *The Slave Narratives of Texas* (1974). The first broader celebrations of Juneteenth were used as political rallies and to teach freed African American about their voting rights. Within a short time, however, Juneteenth was marked by festivities throughout the state, some of which were organized by official Juneteenth committees.

June 25, 1864 - On this day, a skirmish between Confederate and Union forces was fought at Las Rusias, a colonia located one mile north of the Rio Grande in southwest Cameron County. Confederate officer Refugio Benavides of Laredo led a company and joined John Salmon (Rip) Ford to overrun Union forces. Ford, a colonel of the Second Texas Cavalry who engaged in border operations protecting Confederate-Mexican trade, praised Benavides for his gallant conduct during the battle. Las Rusias had also been the site of a skirmish on April 25, 1846, when Mexican troops ambushed an American patrol; the shedding of "American blood upon American soil" sparked the Mexican War.



CSA GENERALS FROM TEXAS
WILLIAM HUGH YOUNG
1838-1901



William Hugh Young was born in Booneville, Missouri, on January 1, 1838. His parents took him to Texas in infancy where they family lived first at Red River and later in Grayson County. He received a good education at Washington College, Tennessee, and McKenzie College, Texas, and at the University of Virginia which he attended from 1859 to 1861.

In September 1861 he returned to Texas and recruited a company for Confederate service. He was elected captain of this unit which became a part of the 9th Texas Infantry. After the battle of Shiloh he was promoted colonel. He fought with great gallantry at Perryville, Kentucky, Murfreesboro where he was wounded, in the Vicksburg campaign with Johnston when he was again wounded, and at Chickamauga where he received yet another wound. In the Atlanta campaign the 9th Texas was in Gen. W. D. Ector's brigade.



At Kennesaw Mountain Young suffered 2 more wounds, but continued in command. He was made brigadier general August 15, 1864, to succeed Ector who was disabled. On the subsequent March into Tennessee Gen Young's left foot was all but shot off in the attack upon the Federal Fort at Allatoona. There he fell into the hands of the enemy resulting in captivity at Johnson's Island, Ohio, until July 24, 1865.

After that time he was a prominent lawyer and real estate operator in San Antonio, Texas, until his death on November 28, 1901. He is most honorably buried in the Confederate Cemetery in San Antonio, Texas.

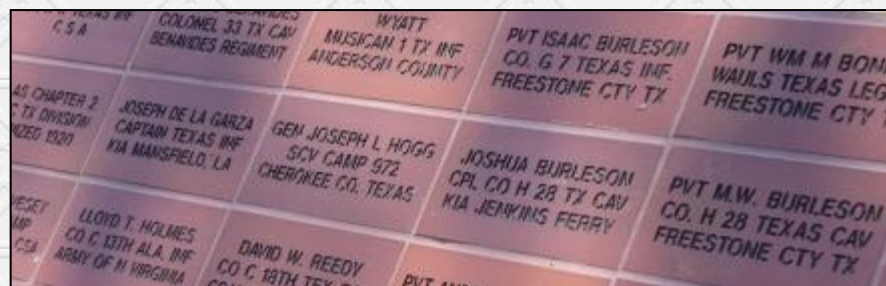




CONFEDERATE VETERANS MEMORIAL PLAZA INFORMATION



The Confederate Veterans Memorial Plaza had the official opening and dedication on April 13, 2013. It is a beautiful Memorial to the Confederate Veterans. Although it is open for visitors, there is still room along the sidewalks for you to purchase a brick paver in the name of your confederate ancestor. This will ensure that your ancestor's service to the confederacy will not be forgotten, but will be remembered for years to come. If you would like to make a donation for a paver, please contact Dan Dyer at E-mail: danielyer497@yahoo.com or Phone: (903) 391-2224



Would you like to honor you ancestor? There is still room in the plaza for you to have a paver with your ancestor's name and military information. You can also acquire a paver in the name of your SCV Camp.



JOHN H. REAGAN CAMP #2156

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Editor: dwightfranklin1@yahoo.com

Please visit our website @

www.reaganscvcamp.org

The citizen-soldiers who fought for the Confederacy personified the best qualities of America. The preservation of liberty and freedom was the motivating factor in the South's decision to fight the *Second American Revolution*. The tenacity with which Confederate soldiers fought underscored their belief in the rights guaranteed by the Constitution. These attributes are the underpinning of our democratic society and represent the foundation on which this nation was built.

Today, the **Sons of Confederate Veterans** is preserving the history and legacy of these heroes, so future generations can understand the motives that animated the Southern Cause.

The SCV is the direct heir of the United Confederate Veterans, and the oldest hereditary organization for male descendants of Confederate soldiers. Organized at Richmond, Virginia in 1896, the SCV continues to serve as a historical, patriotic, and non-political organization dedicated to ensuring that a true history of the 1861-1865 period is preserved.

Membership in the **Sons of Confederate Veterans** is open to all male descendants of any veteran who served honorably in the Confederate armed forces. Membership can be obtained through either **lineal or collateral** family lines and kinship to a veteran must be **documented genealogically**. The minimum age for full membership is 12, but there is no minimum for Cadet membership. **Friends of the SCV** memberships are available as well to those who are committed to upholding our charge, but do not have the Confederate ancestry.

THE CHARGE TO THE SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS

"To you, Sons of Confederate Veterans, we will commit the vindication of the cause for which we fought. To your strength will be given the defense of the Confederate soldier's good name, the guardianship of his history, the emulation of his virtues, the perpetuation of those principles which he loved and which you love also, and those ideals which made him glorious and which you also cherish."

Lt. General Stephen Dill Lee, Commander-in-Chief

United Confederate Veterans

New Orleans, Louisiana, April 25, 1906.



Camp meetings: 3rd Thursday Each
Month - 06:30 PM
Snacks served at each meeting.

Commercial Bank of Texas on the
corner of N. Mallard & E. Lacy Street

The Bank is located just south of the
Anderson County Courthouse
Annex.